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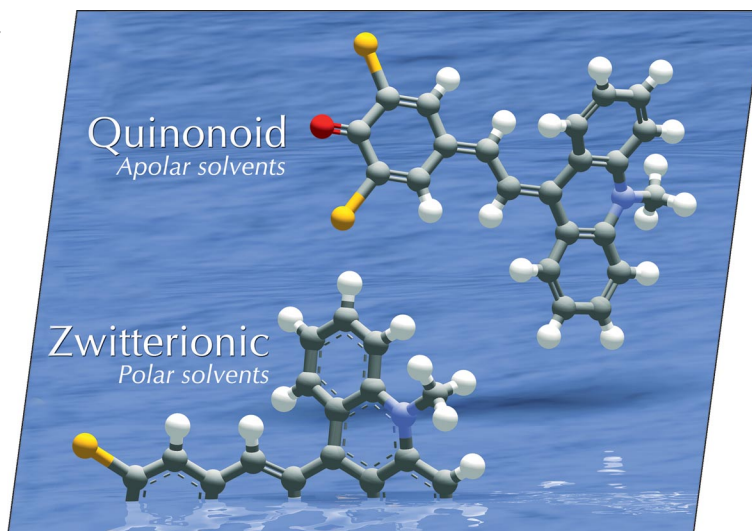


NETHERLANDS

The EUChemSoc Societies have taken the significant step into the future by merging their traditional journals, to form two leading chemistry journals, the *European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry* and the *European Journal of Organic Chemistry*. Three further EUChemSoc Societies (Austria, Czech Republic and Sweden) are Associates of the two journals.

COVER PICTURE

The cover picture shows the quinonoid and zwitterionic limiting formulas of the solvatochromic probe MeAMBr₂ [(*E*)-2,6-dibromo-2-(1-methyl-acridinium-4-yl)ethenyl phenolate]. The solvatochromic behavior is influenced by the solvent-dependent contributions of the two limiting formulas to the ground and excited states of the probe. Details are discussed in the article by O. A. El Seoud et al. on p. 1165ff. The artwork for the cover picture was prepared by E. L. Bastos.



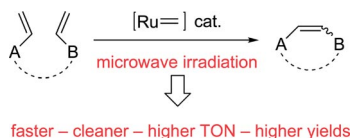
MICROREVIEWS

Olefin Metathesis

Y. Coquerel,* J. Rodriguez* 1125–1132

Microwave-Assisted Olefin Metathesis

Keywords: Homogeneous catalysis / Heterogeneous catalysis / Alkenes / Metathesis / Microwave / C=C bond formation



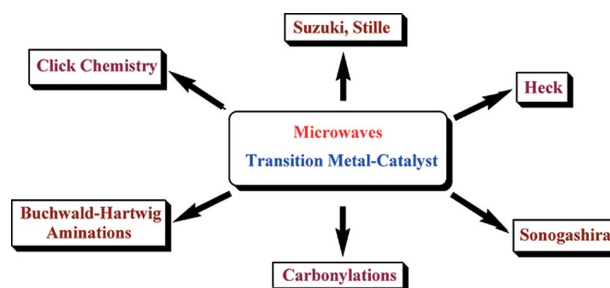
The beneficial effect of microwave irradiation instead of classical thermal conditions in olefin metathesis reactions is illustrated through a series of literature examples of ring-closing-metathesis and cross-metathesis reactions.

Microwave-Assisted Transformations

P. Appukkuttan,
E. Van der Eycken* 1133–1155

Recent Developments in Microwave-Assisted, Transition-Metal-Catalysed C–C and C–N Bond-Forming Reactions

Keywords: Microwave reactions / Transition metals / Cross-coupling / C–C coupling / Palladium



A selective survey on the recent developments of microwave-assisted transition-metal-catalysed C–C and C–N bond-forming reactions is presented. This review encompasses the advances in the last three

years of Suzuki, Stille, Heck and Sonogashira couplings, carbonylations, Buchwald–Hartwig aminations, click chemistry and some other related areas.

SHORT COMMUNICATIONS

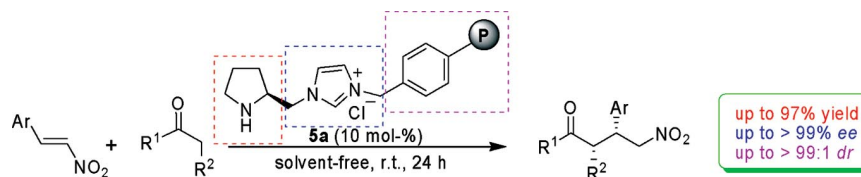
Immobilized Chiral Ionic Liquids

P. Li, L. Wang,* M. Wang,
Y. Zhang 1157–1160



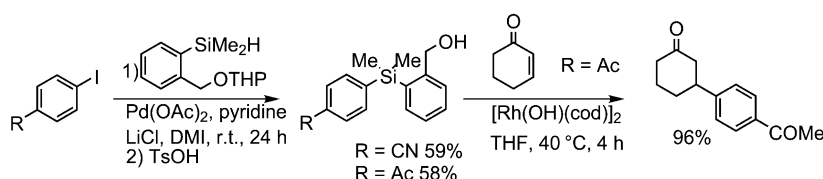
Polymer-Immobilized Pyrrolidine-Based Chiral Ionic Liquids as Recyclable Organocatalysts for Asymmetric Michael Additions to Nitrostyrenes under Solvent-Free Reaction Conditions

Keywords: Immobilized chiral ionic liquids / Asymmetric Michael additions / Organocatalysis / Nitrostyrenes / Solvent-free reactions



A polymer-immobilized pyrrolidine-based chiral ionic liquid **5a** was found as a highly efficient catalyst for the Michael additions of ketones and aldehydes to nitrostyrenes. The reactions afforded the corresponding adducts in good yields (up to 97%), excel-

lent enantioselectivities (up to >99% *ee*) and high diastereoselectivities (up to >99:1 *dr*) under solvent-free reaction conditions. Furthermore, **5a** could be reused at least eight times without a significant loss of its catalytic activity and stereoselectivity.



Palladium-catalysed silylation of aryl iodides with electron-withdrawing groups was efficiently achieved using pyridine and

lithium chloride as additives and conducting the reaction at room temperature.

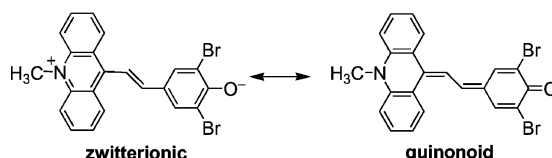
M. Iizuka, Y. Kondo* 1161–1163

Palladium-Catalyzed Silylation of Electron-Deficient Aryl Iodides Using Triorganosilane in the Presence of Pyridine and LiCl



Keywords: Silylation / Palladium / Aryl iodides / Pyridine / Lithium chloride

FULL PAPERS



The effect of annelation on solvatochromism of merocyanines is interpreted in terms of structure- and solvent-dependent contributions of zwitterionic and quinonoid limiting structures to the probe reson-

ance hybrid. Increasing probe lipophilicity by annelation affects solvatochromic responses more than increasing the length of the alkyl chain in the pyridinium moiety.

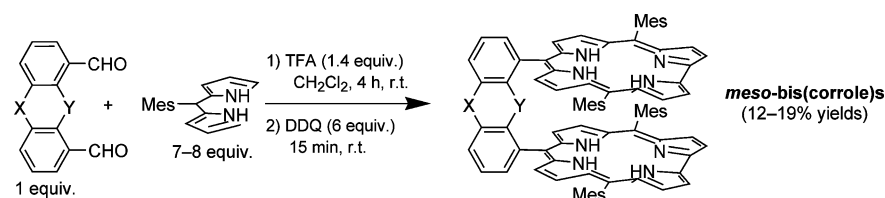
Solvatochromism of Merocyanines

C. T. Martins, M. S. Lima, E. L. Bastos, O. A. El Seoud* 1165–1180

Thermo-Solvatochromism of Merocyanine Polarity Probes – What Are the Consequences of Increasing Probe Lipophilicity through Annelation?



Keywords: Solvatochromism / Thermo-solvatochromism / Merocyanine dyes / Binary solvent mixtures



meso-Substituted bis(corrole) dyads were obtained in good yields from a dialdehyde linker and dipyrromethane in a one-step

reaction. The best reaction conditions required a decreased amount of TFA catalyst and a large excess of dipyrromethane.

Bis(corroles)

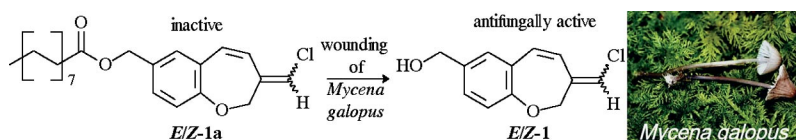
M. El Ojaimi, C. P. Gros, J.-M. Barbe* 1181–1186

Efficient Two-Step Synthesis of Face-to-Face *meso*-Substituted Bis(corrole) Dyads



Keywords: Macrocycles / Corroles / Synthetic methods

Chemical Defence



A metabolic profiling of intact and injured fruiting bodies of *Mycena galopus* revealed that intact fruiting bodies contain previously unknown fatty acid esters, such as *E/Z*-1a, of the benzoxepine benzyl alcohols

E- and *Z*-1. Upon injury the inactive esters are cleaved, yielding the antifungally active free alcohols *E*- and *Z*-1, thus probably protecting the fruiting bodies of *M. galopus* from yeasts and other fungi.

S. Peters, R. J. R. Jaeger, P. Spiteller* 1187–1194

Benzoxepine Esters as Precursors of the Wound-Activated Chemical Defence of *Mycena galopus*



Keywords: Benzoxepines / Chemical defence / Fungi / Metabolic profiling / Natural products

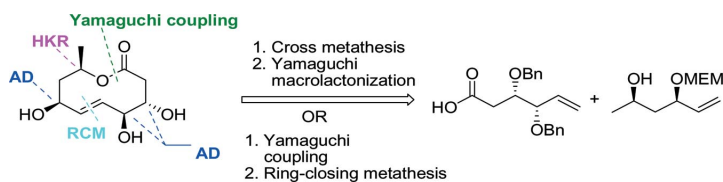
CONTENTS

Asymmetric Synthesis

P. Gupta, P. Kumar* 1195–1202

An Efficient Total Synthesis of Decarestrictine D

Keywords: Macrolides / Hydrolytic kinetic resolution / Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation / Cross metathesis / Ring-closing metathesis



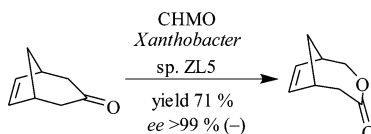
An efficient total synthesis of decarestrictine D has been achieved using cross-metathesis or ring-closing metathesis and Yamaguchi macrolactonization as key steps.

The stereogenic centres were generated by means of hydrolytic kinetic resolution (HKR) and Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation (AD).

Biooxidation

D. V. Rial, D. A. Bianchi, P. Kapitanova, A. Lengar, J. B. van Beilen, M. D. Mihovilovic* 1203–1213

Stereoselective Desymmetrizations by Recombinant Whole Cells Expressing the Baeyer–Villiger Monooxygenase from *Xanthobacter* sp. ZL5: A New Biocatalyst Accepting Structurally Demanding Substrates



About 40 prochiral ketones of different sizes and substitution patterns were successfully desymmetrized with very good to excellent enantiomeric excesses by the CHMO from *Xanthobacter* sp. ZL5. This biocatalyst is able to convert sterically demanding ketones and thus enlarges the number of lactones accessible through biotransformation processes. Furthermore, the epoxidation of non-activated C=C bonds is achieved by this catalyst.

Keywords: Biotransformation / Enzymes / Substrate profile / Baeyer–Villiger reaction / Epoxidation / Biocatalytic cascade reactions / *Xanthobacter* sp.

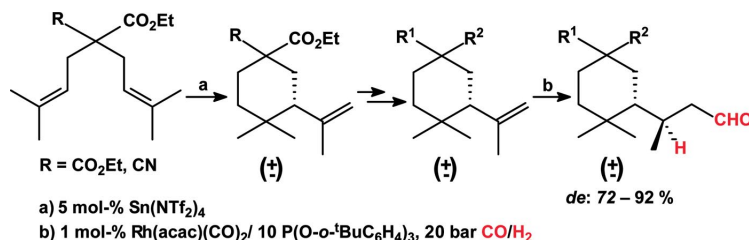
Selective Hydroformylation

F. Grau, J. C. Bayón,* P. A. Aguirre, T. Parella, E. Duñach* 1214–1223



New Aldehydes by Catalytic Diene Cycloisomerisations

Keywords: Hydroformylation / Aldehydes / Isopropylidenecyclohexane / Stereochemistry / NMR spectroscopy



Rhodium-catalysed hydroformylation of isopropylidenecyclohexane derivatives, obtained by $\text{Sn}(\text{NTf}_2)_4$ -catalysed intramolecular diene cyclisations, affords the

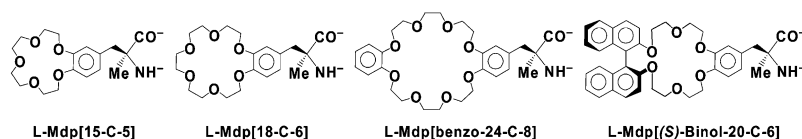
corresponding aldehydes in good yields, with complete chemo- and regioselectivities, and with *des* between 72 and 92%.

Peptides and Crown Ethers

K. Wright,* R. Anddad, J.-F. Lohier, V. Steinmetz, M. Wakselman, J.-P. Mazaleyrat, F. Formaggio, C. Peggion, M. De Zotti, T. A. Keiderling, R. Huang, C. Toniolo* 1224–1241

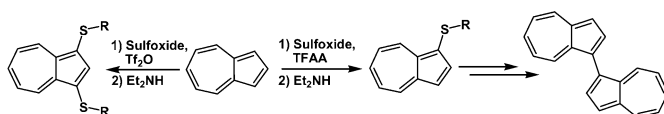
Synthesis, Ion Complexation Study, and 3D-Structural Analysis of Peptides Based on Crown-Carrier, C^α -Methyl-L-DOPA Amino Acids

Keywords: Crown ethers / Peptides / DOPA / Solution peptide synthesis / Electronic circular dichroism / Vibrational circular dichroism



Terminally protected peptides to the hexamer level, based on crown-ether-containing C^α -methyl-L-DOPA (L-Mdp) amino acid residues, were prepared. Their alkali metal cation complexation ability was determined by ESI-MS analysis. Their FTIR absorp-

tion, ^1H NMR, ECD, and VCD spectroscopic properties suggest that all of these crowned amino acids are strong inducers of (left-handed) β -turns and 3_{10} -helical structures.



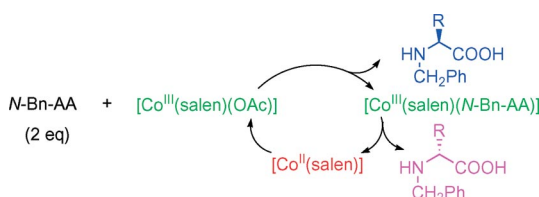
Azulene was treated with several sulfoxides in the presence of acid anhydrides to afford the corresponding 1-azulenylsulfonium and 1,3-azulenediylsulfonium ions. Reaction of the 1-azulenylsulfonium ions with diethylamine gave 1-azulenyl sulfides which were readily converted into 1-azulenyl sulfoxides by reaction with MCPBA. The

azulenyl sulfoxides were used to prepare 1,1'-biazulene derivatives under acidic conditions. The redox behavior of the 1-azulenyl sulfides, 1,3-bis(methyl- and phenylthio)azulenes, and 1,1'-biazulene derivatives bearing a methylthio or phenylthio substituent on each azulene ring was examined by cyclic voltammetry (CV).

T. Shoji,* J. Higashi, S. Ito, K. Toyota, T. Asao, M. Yasunami, K. Fujimori, N. Morita* 1242–1252

Synthesis and Redox Behavior of 1-Azulenyl Sulfides and Efficient Synthesis of 1,1'-Biazulenes

Keywords: Azulene / 1,1'-Biazulene / Electrophilic substitution / Electrochemistry / Cyclic voltammetry



Racemic *N*-benzyl α -amino acids (*N*-Bn-AA) are resolved in excellent yield and high enantiomeric excess by liquid-liquid extraction using a lipophilic chiral $[\text{Co}^{\text{III}}(\text{salen})(\text{OAc})]$ complex. The amino acid extracted into the organic phase by coordi-

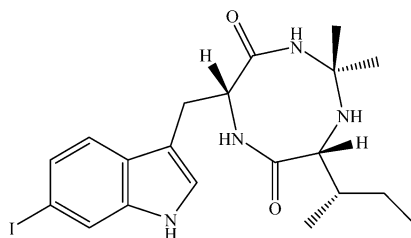
nation to cobalt can then be released by reductive counter-extraction. The original chiral cobalt(III) complex is restored and re-used with no loss of reactivity and selectivity.

P. Dzygiel, T. B. Reeve, U. Piarulli,* M. Krupicka, I. Tvaroska, C. Gennari* 1253–1264

Resolution of Racemic *N*-Benzyl α -Amino Acids by Liquid-Liquid Extraction: A Practical Method Using a Lipophilic Chiral Cobalt(III) Salen Complex and Mechanistic Studies

Keywords: Amino acids / Cobalt / Recognition / Resolution / Salen ligands

Eight-membered heterocyclic hicksoanes A–C were isolated from the gorgonian *Subergorgia hicksoni*. Their structures were determined by UV, IR, 1D and 2D NMR spectroscopy, MS, and chemical degradation. Their unique structures contain a triazocane cycle substituted by isoleucine and tryptophan moieties.



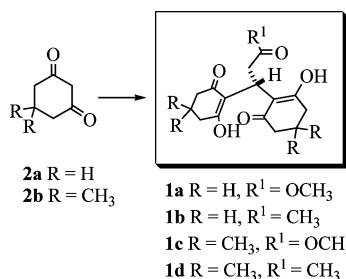
Hicksoanes A–C from Gorgonians

T. Řezanka,* L. O. Hanuš, V. M. Dembitsky, K. Sigler 1265–1270

Identification of the Eight-Membered Hetero-cycles Hicksoanes A–C from the Gorgonian *Subergorgia hicksoni*

Keywords: Gorgonians / Nitrogen heterocycles / Hicksoanes A–C / Natural products

The design and selective synthesis of four atropisomers by a tandem-Michael/Michael addition of 1,3-cyclohexanediones to alkynes with the assistance of L-proline is reported. The reaction mechanism and the associated tautomerism of these compounds are also discussed.



L. E. Luna, G. Seoane, R. M. Cravero* 1271–1277

Synthesis and Characterization of Atropisomers Arising from 1,3-Cyclohexanediones by Intermolecular Tandem-Michael/Michael Additions

Keywords: Tandem reactions / Michael addition / Cyclohexanediones / Alkynes / Chirality / Atropisomerism

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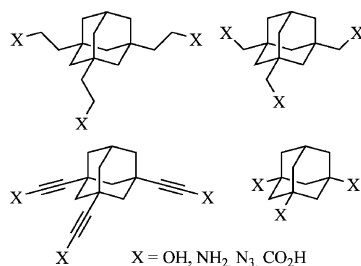
C₃-Symmetric Scaffolds

N. Pannier, W. Maison* 1278–1284



Rigid C₃-Symmetric Scaffolds Based on Adamantane

Keywords: C₃-Symmetry / Multivalency / Molecular recognition / Adamantane / Bioorganic chemistry



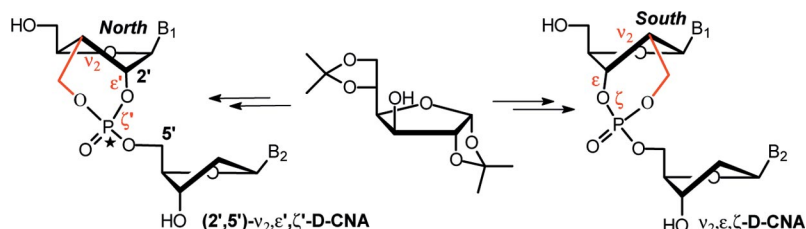
Efficient syntheses of rigid C₃-symmetric scaffolds based on adamantane are described. The scaffolds have been designed for conjugation to various natural products. They are valuable for the construction of strictly defined molecular architectures with threefold geometry for applications in bioorganic chemistry, catalysis or material science.

Constrained Nucleotides

C. Dupouy, P. Lavedan,
J.-M. Escudier* 1285–1294

Synthesis and Structure of Dinucleotides with S-Type Sugar Puckering and Non-canonical ϵ and ζ Torsion Angle Combination (v, ϵ, ζ -D-CNA)

Keywords: Strained molecules / Nucleotides / DNA structure / Phosphorus heterocycles / Conformation analysis



The diastereomeric v₂,ε,ζ-D-CNA dinucleotide building units of nucleic acids and their (2',5')-v₂,ε',ζ'-D-CNA analogues where prepared from a common 3-deoxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)-D-allofuranose inter-

mediate; torsional angles are stereocontrolled by a dioxaphosphorinane ring structure (D-CNA family), and sugar puckering can be restricted to the North or South conformation.

If not otherwise indicated in the article, papers in issue 6 were published online on February 5, 2008